## List of tasks for students:

1. Graphically display the optimal amount of the labor in these four cases:

- The firm sells its output in a perfectly competitive market and demands a labor in a perfectly competitive labor market;
- The firm sells its output in a perfectly competitive market and demands a labor in imperfectly competitive labor market;
- The firm sells its output to the imperfectly competitive market and demands a labor in a perfectly competitive labor market;
- The firm sells its output to the imperfectly competitive market and demands a labor in imperfectly competitive labor market.

2. Describe TPL, APL and MPL. Write a function of MPL and in perfect competition labor market.
3. Graphically express and explain the equilibrium in the labor market.
4. Company sells its product in a perfectly competitive market for 10 CZK. Production function has the form: $\mathrm{Q}=17 \mathrm{~L}-\mathrm{L} 2$. Determine the optimal amount of labor, if the price of labor is given at 50 CZK / h.
5. MPP inputs $A, B, C$ are $12,8,2$. The prices of these inputs in a perfectly competitive are $6,4,1 \mathrm{CZK} / \mathrm{pc}$. The company at a given level of output maximizes profit. What is MR from the sale of the last unit?
6. Marginal revenue is equal to CZK 2. Prices of input units $A, B$ and $C$ on perfectlycompetitive markets are 8, 410 CZK . Company at a given level of output maximizesprofit. What is the MPP of the input B?
7. Labor demand is given by the equation $\mathrm{DL}=1200-10 \mathrm{w}$; labor supply $S L=20 w-300$.
a) Calculate the equilibrium quantity of labor and the equilibrium wage rate.
b) Calculate the size of the economic rent transfer earnings.
